

2sinif short-words-p34-ninth-word-why-the-five-daily-prayers-are-assigned-to-their-times - Set 1

1-) What is being asked about in this passage? (9 kelime)

Why the

2-) How does the passage describe each prayer time? (7 kelime)

As

3-) What is the reader invited to listen to next? (2 kelime)

4-) What are students told to do to understand this meaning better? (6 kelime)

Listen

5-) What does a person do when he says Allah is the Greatest? (6 kelime)

He

6-) Why are these acts so central to prayer? (9 kelime)

Because they

7-) After realizing that, what two things should the servant do? (7 kelime)

Trust

8-) Why does the servant say Allah is Most Great after seeing weakness? (7 kelime)

Because

9-) What should a servant do with his worries and fears? (7 kelime)

Take

10-) What should the servant do in return for Allah's gifts? (4 kelime)
Offer

2sinif short-words-p34-ninth-word-why-the-five-daily-prayers-are-assigned-to-their-times - Set 2

1-) What topic does this passage begin to explain? (10 kelime)

The wisdom

2-) Does the passage say there is only one wisdom in those times? (7 kelime)

No,

3-) Why is thankfulness especially fitting between one prayer time and the next? (7 kelime)

Because

4-) How many points are mentioned to help explain the meaning? (2 kelime)

5-) What does glorifying Allah involve? (8 kelime)

Speaking and

6-) What does praising Allah involve? (7 kelime)

Thanking

7-) In worship, how should a servant view himself? (5 kelime)

As

8-) What does Allah's lordship call the servant to do? (3 kelime)

9-) How should the servant speak about Allah's blessings? (3 kelime)

10-) At the end, how are the prescribed prayers described? (13 kelime)

As a bright

2sinif short-words-p34-ninth-word-why-the-five-daily-prayers-are-assigned-to-their-times - Set 3

1-) What question is being answered in this passage? (7 kelime)

Why

2-) What does each prayer time mark the start of? (3 kelime)

3-) What grows between the prayer times that calls for thanks? (2 kelime)

4-) What does glorifying Allah mean in prayer? (9 kelime)

Saying and

5-) Where are these meanings found in prayer? (6 kelime)

In

6-) If Allah is perfect and pure, how should the servant speak about Him? (8 kelime)

As free

7-) What does seeking forgiveness show? (6 kelime)

That

8-) How is a person like the big world? (8 kelime)

A person

9-) What should the servant understand by looking at weak creatures? (8 kelime)

All of

10-) What comparison is made between man and the universe? (9

kelime)

Man is

2sinif short-words-p34-ninth-word-why-the-five-daily-prayers-are-assigned-to-their-times - Set 4

1-) What part of prayer is the passage helping to explain? (7 kelime)
The

2-) What happens at each prayer time according to the passage? (5 kelime)
An

3-) What does each prayer time reflect from Allah? (5 kelime)
Divine

4-) Name the three core meanings inside prayer. (6 kelime)
Glory,

5-) Are these meanings found in only one small part of prayer or all through it? (3 kelime)

6-) In how much of the prayer are these meanings found? (3 kelime)

7-) What is the reason for repeating the blessed words after prayer? (7 kelime)
To

8-) What else should he say about Allah at that time? (9 kelime)
That Allah

9-) Why is asking Allah for needs part of worship? (9 kelime)
Because Allah's

10-) What comparison is made between the prescribed prayers and worship in creation? (13 kelime)

The prayers are

2sinif short-words-p34-ninth-word-why-the-five-daily-prayers-are-assigned-to-their-times - Set 5

1-) What is the main lesson in the opening lines of the passage? (8 kelime)

The times

2-) What should a believer do at those times because of Allah's many blessings? (6 kelime)

Glorify,

3-) Why are people told to glorify and praise Allah more at those times? (7 kelime)

Because

4-) What does a person do when he glorifies Allah? (8 kelime)

He honors

5-) What does worship teach a servant to notice about himself? (7 kelime)

That

6-) What should worship help a servant recognize about himself? (5 kelime)

His

7-) Why does mercy lead the servant to make du'a? (8 kelime)

Because he

8-) What two actions of the heart come with that? (8 kelime)

Trusting Allah

9-) Are the forms of prayer random, or do they carry meaning? (3 kelime)

2sinif short-words-p34-ninth-word-why-the-five-daily-prayers-are-assigned-to-their-times - Set 6

1-) What is being explained about the five daily prayers? (6 kelime)
The

2-) What should people do more at those moments? (7 kelime)
Glorify

3-) Why is praise and thanks fitting at those times? (8 kelime)
Because many

4-) What does the passage call the required prayers in relation to this meaning? (8 kelime)
A way

5-) What does saying Allah is the Greatest tell us about Him? (4 kelime)
He

6-) Why are these three called the seeds of prayer? (8 kelime)
Because the

7-) How should he respond in Allah's presence? (6 kelime)
By

8-) What should the servant do after noticing his faults? (2 kelime)

9-) What does he do after that understanding? (11 kelime)
He says

CEVAP ANAHTARI

2sinif short-words-p34-ninth-word-why-the-five-daily-prayers-are-assigned-to-their-times - Set 1 - CEVAPLAR

1-) What is being asked about in this passage?

Why the five daily prayers are at certain times.

2-) How does the passage describe each prayer time?

As a sign of a major change.

3-) What is the reader invited to listen to next?

Five points.

4-) What are students told to do to understand this meaning better?

Listen carefully to the five points.

5-) What does a person do when he says Allah is the Greatest?

He lifts up Allah's perfect greatness.

6-) Why are these acts so central to prayer?

Because they are in all its words and actions.

7-) After realizing that, what two things should the servant do?

Trust Allah and seek refuge in Him.

8-) Why does the servant say Allah is Most Great after seeing weakness?

Because Allah's power is amazing and majestic.

9-) What should a servant do with his worries and fears?

Take refuge in Allah and trust Him.

10-) What should the servant do in return for Allah's gifts?

Offer thanks and praise.

2sinif short-words-p34-ninth-word-why-the-five-daily-prayers-are-assigned-to-their-times - Set 2 - CEVAPLAR

1-) What topic does this passage begin to explain?

The wisdom in the times of the five daily prayers.

2-) Does the passage say there is only one wisdom in those times?

No, it gives one from many wisdoms.

3-) Why is thankfulness especially fitting between one prayer time and the next?

Because countless blessings come in that time.

4-) How many points are mentioned to help explain the meaning?

Five points.

5-) What does glorifying Allah involve?

Speaking and acting in worship before His greatness.

6-) What does praising Allah involve?

Thanking Him with heart, speech, and actions.

7-) In worship, how should a servant view himself?

As weak, needy, and imperfect.

8-) What does Allah's lordship call the servant to do?

Worship and obey.

9-) How should the servant speak about Allah's blessings?

With thankful praise.

10-) At the end, how are the prescribed prayers described?

As a bright guide to all the kinds of worship done by creatures.

2sinif short-words-p34-ninth-word-why-the-five-daily-prayers-are-assigned-to-their-times - Set 3 - CEVAPLAR

1-) What question is being answered in this passage?

Why the daily prayers have special times.

2-) What does each prayer time mark the start of?

A big change.

3-) What grows between the prayer times that calls for thanks?

Many blessings.

4-) What does glorifying Allah mean in prayer?

Saying and showing that Allah is above every fault.

5-) Where are these meanings found in prayer?

In all its words and movements.

6-) If Allah is perfect and pure, how should the servant speak about Him?

As free from every defect and wrong idea.

7-) What does seeking forgiveness show?

That the servant admits his faults.

8-) How is a person like the big world?

A person is a small example of it.

9-) What should the servant understand by looking at weak creatures?

All of them are powerless compared with Allah.

10-) What comparison is made between man and the universe?

Man is a small example of the larger world.

2sinif short-words-p34-ninth-word-why-the-five-daily-prayers-are-assigned-to-their-times - Set 4 - CEVAPLAR

1-) What part of prayer is the passage helping to explain?

The wisdom of the set prayer times.

2-) What happens at each prayer time according to the passage?

An important turning point begins.

3-) What does each prayer time reflect from Allah?

Divine power and wide-reaching blessings.

4-) Name the three core meanings inside prayer.

Glory, greatness, and thanks to Allah.

5-) Are these meanings found in only one small part of prayer or all through it?

All through it.

6-) In how much of the prayer are these meanings found?

In every part.

7-) What is the reason for repeating the blessed words after prayer?

To make the prayer's meaning stronger again.

8-) What else should he say about Allah at that time?

That Allah is completely pure and above all faults.

9-) Why is asking Allah for needs part of worship?

Because Allah's mercy is endless and we are needy.

10-) What comparison is made between the prescribed prayers and worship in creation?

The prayers are a bright index and map of all kinds of worship.

2sinif short-words-p34-ninth-word-why-the-five-daily-prayers-are-assigned-to-their-times - Set 5 - CEVAPLAR

1-) What is the main lesson in the opening lines of the passage?

The times of the five prayers have wisdom.

2-) What should a believer do at those times because of Allah's many blessings?

Glorify, praise, and thank Allah more.

3-) Why are people told to glorify and praise Allah more at those times?

Because many blessings gather between those times.

4-) What does a person do when he glorifies Allah?

He honors Allah as far above every flaw.

5-) What does worship teach a servant to notice about himself?

That he has faults and needs Allah.

6-) What should worship help a servant recognize about himself?

His faults, weakness, and poverty.

7-) Why does mercy lead the servant to make du'a?

Because he and all creatures have many needs.

8-) What two actions of the heart come with that?

Trusting Allah and turning to Him for protection.

9-) Are the forms of prayer random, or do they carry meaning?

They carry meaning.

2sinif short-words-p34-ninth-word-why-the-five-daily-prayers-are-assigned-to-their-times - Set 6 - CEVAPLAR

1-) What is being explained about the five daily prayers?

The wisdom of their special times.

2-) What should people do more at those moments?

Glorify Allah, praise Him, and thank Him.

3-) Why is praise and thanks fitting at those times?

Because many gifts from Allah are remembered then.

4-) What does the passage call the required prayers in relation to this meaning?

A way of glorifying, praising, and thanking Allah.

5-) What does saying Allah is the Greatest tell us about Him?

He has perfect greatness.

6-) Why are these three called the seeds of prayer?

Because the rest of prayer comes from them.

7-) How should he respond in Allah's presence?

By prostrating with love and amazement.

8-) What should the servant do after noticing his faults?

Seek forgiveness.

9-) What does he do after that understanding?

He says Allah is Most Great, bows low, and trusts Allah.