

2sinif short-words-p35-ninth-word-first-point-the-meaning-of-prayer - Set 1

1-) What three things are prayers said to give to Allah? (4 kelime)

Glory,

2-) How can a person show glory to Allah in prayer? (5 kelime)

With

3-) What does a person say to honor Allah's greatness? (4 kelime)

Allah

4-) What does "All praise belongs to Allah" show? (3 kelime)

5-) Which parts of a person are named in giving praise? (7 kelime)

The

6-) What picture is used for glorifying, honoring Allah's greatness, and praising Him? (6 kelime)

They

7-) If they are like seeds, what does that help us understand about prayer? (8 kelime)

They are

8-) Where in the prayer are these three meanings found? (6 kelime)

In

9-) Why are these blessed phrases said thirty-three times after the prayer? (9 kelime)

To make

10-) After prayer, why are the special words repeated many times instead of only once? (7 kelime)

So

2sinif short-words-p35-ninth-word-first-point-the-meaning-of-prayer - Set 2

1-) What is the main idea of this passage about prayer? (9 kelime)

Prayer means

2-) Who is praised and thanked in the prayer? (2 kelime)

3-) When a person speaks and acts with respect for Allah's highness, what is he doing? (6 kelime)

He

4-) When a person says that Allah is greater than all, what is he doing? (8 kelime)

He is

5-) Why is thankfulness joined with beauty in the passage? (6 kelime)

Because

6-) Are prayer words only about speaking, or also about doing? (7 kelime)

They

7-) What does the passage teach about the heart in prayer? (7 kelime)

The

8-) Why does the passage compare these three meanings to seeds? (8 kelime)

Because they

9-) What can we infer if these meanings are in every part of prayer? (9 kelime)

Prayer is

10-) How does the passage describe those repeated words at the end?
(7 kelime)

As

2sinif short-words-p35-ninth-word-first-point-the-meaning-of-prayer - Set 3

1-) What are the three key meanings inside the prayers? (8 kelime)

Glorifying Allah,

2-) What does glorifying Allah tell us about Him? (9 kelime)

He is

3-) What does honoring Allah's greatness tell us about Him? (7 kelime)

He

4-) What does praising Allah with thanks tell us about Him? (7 kelime)

He

5-) What does the passage say about using the body in prayer? (6 kelime)

The

6-) Which is more complete in the passage: praising with only the tongue or with heart, tongue, and body? (5 kelime)

With

7-) What does it mean that these three are in all the prayer's actions and words? (7 kelime)

Every

8-) What happens after the prayer to support these meanings? (7 kelime)

The

9-) What is the purpose of repeating them thirty-three times? (5 kelime)

To

2sinif short-words-p35-ninth-word-first-point-the-meaning-of-prayer - Set 4

1-) According to the passage, what is prayer really about? (10 kelime)
It is

2-) What two ways are named for showing honor to Allah's glory? (5 kelime)

By

3-) If someone says Allah is the Greatest, which idea of Allah is being lifted up? (3 kelime)

4-) If someone thanks Allah from the heart, what part of prayer is that showing? (3 kelime)

5-) Why is it important that the body is mentioned with the heart and tongue? (8 kelime)

Because prayer

6-) What does the seed example teach about the three meanings? (8 kelime)

They are

7-) Does the passage limit these meanings to one part of prayer? (6 kelime)

No,

8-) What number is given for repeating the blessed words after prayer? (1 kelime)

9-) Why are these repeated phrases called concise summaries? (11 kelime)

Because they

2sinif short-words-p35-ninth-word-first-point-the-meaning-of-prayer - Set 5

1-) Name one thing prayer gives to Allah besides thanks. (3 kelime)

2-) What does a Muslim do before Allah's high majesty according to the passage? (5 kelime)

He

3-) What is being shown when a person says Allah is greater than all perfection we know? (6 kelime)

Allah's

4-) What three parts of a person join in thanking Allah? (7 kelime)

The

5-) Why does the passage join words and actions together more than once? (6 kelime)

Because

6-) What is the relationship between the three meanings and the prayer as a whole? (6 kelime)

The

7-) How do we know these meanings are very important in prayer? (10 kelime)

They appear

8-) What is one reason for repeating the blessed words many times after prayer? (8 kelime)

To make

9-) What is the best short summary of the whole passage? (9 kelime)

Prayer is

2sinif short-words-p35-ninth-word-first-point-the-meaning-of-prayer - Set 6

1-) What three big ideas are at the center of prayer in this passage? (12 kelime)

Glorifying Allah, saying

2-) When someone glorifies Allah, what is he doing with his words and actions? (7 kelime)

He

3-) What does saying Allah is the Greatest help a person remember about Allah? (5 kelime)

That

4-) What does praising Allah with thanks help a person remember about Allah? (8 kelime)

That Allah

5-) Does the passage show prayer as only talking, only moving, or both? (1 kelime)

6-) What comparison is used to explain the three meanings in prayer? (5 kelime)

They

7-) What repeated practice after prayer helps keep these meanings strong? (7 kelime)

Saying

8-) What do those short repeated phrases do for someone who prays? (7 kelime)

They

9-) What do those short phrases do for the prayer's meaning? (5
kelime)

They

CEVAP ANAHTARI

2sinif short-words-p35-ninth-word-first-point-the-meaning-of-prayer - Set 1 - CEVAPLAR

1-) What three things are prayers said to give to Allah?

Glory, greatness, and thanks.

2-) How can a person show glory to Allah in prayer?

With words and with actions.

3-) What does a person say to honor Allah's greatness?

Allah is the Greatest.

4-) What does "All praise belongs to Allah" show?

Thankfulness to Allah.

5-) Which parts of a person are named in giving praise?

The heart, the tongue, and the body.

6-) What picture is used for glorifying, honoring Allah's greatness, and praising Him?

They are like seeds of prayer.

7-) If they are like seeds, what does that help us understand about prayer?

They are basic parts that help prayer grow.

8-) Where in the prayer are these three meanings found?

In all the words and actions.

9-) Why are these blessed phrases said thirty-three times after the prayer?

To make the meaning stronger and repeat it well.

10-) After prayer, why are the special words repeated many times instead of only once?

So the message stays strong and clear.

2sinif short-words-p35-ninth-word-first-point-the-meaning-of-prayer - Set 2 - CEVAPLAR

1-) What is the main idea of this passage about prayer?

Prayer means honoring Allah, praising Him, and thanking Him.

2-) Who is praised and thanked in the prayer?

Almighty Allah.

3-) When a person speaks and acts with respect for Allah's highness, what is he doing?

He is worshipping and honoring Allah.

4-) When a person says that Allah is greater than all, what is he doing?

He is lifting up Allah's perfection and greatness.

5-) Why is thankfulness joined with beauty in the passage?

Because Allah's perfect beauty deserves thanks.

6-) Are prayer words only about speaking, or also about doing?

They are about both speaking and doing.

7-) What does the passage teach about the heart in prayer?

The heart also praises and thanks Allah.

8-) Why does the passage compare these three meanings to seeds?

Because they are the starting parts of prayer.

9-) What can we infer if these meanings are in every part of prayer?

Prayer is full of remembering Allah in many ways.

10-) How does the passage describe those repeated words at the end?

As short summaries that confirm the meaning.

2sinif short-words-p35-ninth-word-first-point-the-meaning-of-prayer - Set 3 - CEVAPLAR

1-) What are the three key meanings inside the prayers?

Glorifying Allah, honoring His greatness, and thanking Him.

2-) What does glorifying Allah tell us about Him?

He is above all weakness and is most high.

3-) What does honoring Allah's greatness tell us about Him?

He is perfect and greater than everything.

4-) What does praising Allah with thanks tell us about Him?

He is full of beauty and goodness.

5-) What does the passage say about using the body in prayer?

The body also helps worship Allah.

6-) Which is more complete in the passage: praising with only the tongue or with heart, tongue, and body?

With heart, tongue, and body.

7-) What does it mean that these three are in all the prayer's actions and words?

Every part of prayer carries these meanings.

8-) What happens after the prayer to support these meanings?

The blessed words are repeated thirty-three times.

9-) What is the purpose of repeating them thirty-three times?

To strengthen the prayer's meaning.

2sinif short-words-p35-ninth-word-first-point-the-meaning-of-prayer - Set 4 - CEVAPLAR

1-) According to the passage, what is prayer really about?

It is about worshipping Allah with honor, praise, and thanks.

2-) What two ways are named for showing honor to Allah's glory?

By speech and by actions.

3-) If someone says Allah is the Greatest, which idea of Allah is being lifted up?

His perfect greatness.

4-) If someone thanks Allah from the heart, what part of prayer is that showing?

Praise and gratitude.

5-) Why is it important that the body is mentioned with the heart and tongue?

Because prayer is done with the whole person.

6-) What does the seed example teach about the three meanings?

They are the beginning and core of prayer.

7-) Does the passage limit these meanings to one part of prayer?

No, they are in every part.

8-) What number is given for repeating the blessed words after prayer?

Thirty-three.

9-) Why are these repeated phrases called concise summaries?

Because they are short words that gather the prayer's big meanings.

2sinif short-words-p35-ninth-word-first-point-the-meaning-of-prayer - Set 5 - CEVAPLAR

1-) Name one thing prayer gives to Allah besides thanks.

Glory or greatness.

2-) What does a Muslim do before Allah's high majesty according to the passage?

He honors and worships Allah.

3-) What is being shown when a person says Allah is greater than all perfection we know?

Allah's perfect greatness is being honored.

4-) What three parts of a person join in thanking Allah?

The heart, the tongue, and the body.

5-) Why does the passage join words and actions together more than once?

Because prayer is said and done.

6-) What is the relationship between the three meanings and the prayer as a whole?

The prayer is built from them.

7-) How do we know these meanings are very important in prayer?

They appear in every part and are repeated after prayer.

8-) What is one reason for repeating the blessed words many times after prayer?

To make the meanings stronger in the person.

9-) What is the best short summary of the whole passage?

Prayer is full of honoring, magnifying, and thanking Allah.

2sinif short-words-p35-ninth-word-first-point-the-meaning-of-prayer - Set 6 - CEVAPLAR

1-) What three big ideas are at the center of prayer in this passage?
Glorifying Allah, saying He is the Greatest, and praising Him with thanks.

2-) When someone glorifies Allah, what is he doing with his words and actions?

He is showing deep respect and worship.

3-) What does saying Allah is the Greatest help a person remember about Allah?

That Allah is perfectly great.

4-) What does praising Allah with thanks help a person remember about Allah?

That Allah is full of beauty and blessings.

5-) Does the passage show prayer as only talking, only moving, or both?

Both.

6-) What comparison is used to explain the three meanings in prayer?
They are compared to seeds.

7-) What repeated practice after prayer helps keep these meanings strong?

Saying the blessed phrases thirty-three times each.

8-) What do those short repeated phrases do for someone who prays?
They remind him again of prayer's meaning.

9-) What do those short phrases do for the prayer's meaning?
They confirm and summarize it.