

2sinif short-words-p37-ninth-word-third-point-the-comprehensiveness-of-prayer - Set 1

1-) What is a small copy of the big world compared to in this part? (3 kelime)

2-) What is described as a bright small sample of the whole Qur'an? (2 kelime)

3-) What are the daily prayers said to be like for all kinds of worship? (7 kelime)
A

4-) Do the daily prayers show only one kind of worship or many kinds? (2 kelime)

5-) What picture word is used to show that the prayers help point the way? (2 kelime)

6-) What does that map point to? (6 kelime)
Different

7-) Whose worship is included in this part? (7 kelime)
The

8-) If something is called an index, what does that help us understand about the prayers? (9 kelime)
They gather

2sinif short-words-p37-ninth-word-third-point-the-comprehensiveness-of-prayer - Set 2

1-) In this passage, what is man compared with? (7 kelime)

A

2-) In this passage, what is Surah al-Fatihah compared with? (7 kelime)

A

3-) What are the prescribed prayers compared with? (7 kelime)

A

4-) What does the comparison with Surah al-Fatihah help us understand about the prayers? (12 kelime)

That a smaller

5-) Are the prayers presented as narrow or wide in meaning? (3 kelime)

6-) What do the prayers gather together? (6 kelime)

All

7-) What does the word sacred tell us about the map of worship? (5 kelime)

It

8-) What can we infer about worship from this passage? (11 kelime)

Worship is

2sinif short-words-p37-ninth-word-third-point-the-comprehensiveness-of-prayer - Set 3

1-) What two small examples are named before the prayers are described? (5 kelime)

A

2-) What big things do those two small examples connect to? (6 kelime)
The

3-) Following those examples, what are the prescribed prayers said to be? (7 kelime)

A

4-) What do the prayers point toward besides human worship? (5 kelime)

The

5-) Does the passage say the prayers hide worship or show it? (3 kelime)

6-) If all classes of creatures are mentioned, what does that tell us about Allah's creation? (11 kelime)

Many different

7-) What is one central message of this short passage? (13 kelime)

The prescribed prayers

8-) What big idea about worship is taught in this passage? (14 kelime)

The prescribed prayers

2sinif short-words-p37-ninth-word-third-point-the-comprehensiveness-of-prayer - Set 4

1-) What is called a miniature example of the greater world? (1 kelime)

2-) What is called a shining sample of the Qur'an? (2 kelime)

3-) What are the prayers called in a similar way? (7 kelime)

A

4-) What other image is used for the prayers besides an index? (3 kelime)

5-) What does this map show? (9 kelime)

The different

6-) Are only people included in this worship picture? (7 kelime)

No,

7-) What is the best short summary of the whole passage? (15 kelime)

The daily prayers

8-) What is the main idea of this part? (14 kelime)

The prescribed prayers

2sinif short-words-p37-ninth-word-third-point-the-comprehensiveness-of-prayer - Set 5

1-) What small thing stands for the big world in this part? (3 kelime)

2-) What small part stands for the whole Qur'an in this part? (2 kelime)

3-) What does the passage say stands for all the many kinds of worship? (3 kelime)

4-) What does the passage say about the kinds of worship in the prayers? (4 kelime)

They

5-) What does the word varieties help us understand? (5 kelime)

That

6-) What do the prayers point to like a map? (6 kelime)

The

7-) How are the prayers and Surah al-Fatihah alike in this passage? (12 kelime)

Both are smaller

8-) Why are the prayers called comprehensive in this part? (8 kelime)

Because they

2sinif short-words-p37-ninth-word-third-point-the-comprehensiveness-of-prayer - Set 6

1-) In the passage, what is used as an example of something small that reflects something big? (6 kelime)

A

2-) What is another example of a smaller thing reflecting a greater whole? (5 kelime)

Surah

3-) Using those examples, how are the prescribed prayers described? (8 kelime)

As a

4-) What does radiant or luminous suggest about the prayers? (7 kelime)

They

5-) What do the prayers collect together? (4 kelime)

Every

6-) What second description shows that the prayers guide us? (6 kelime)

They

7-) According to this passage, what do the prayers help us see and connect? (8 kelime)

The many

CEVAP ANAHTARI

2sinif short-words-p37-ninth-word-third-point-the-comprehensiveness-of-prayer - Set 1 - CEVAPLAR

1-) What is a small copy of the big world compared to in this part?

A human being.

2-) What is described as a bright small sample of the whole Qur'an?

Surah al-Fatihah.

3-) What are the daily prayers said to be like for all kinds of worship?

A full guide or summary of them.

4-) Do the daily prayers show only one kind of worship or many kinds?

Many kinds.

5-) What picture word is used to show that the prayers help point the way?

A map.

6-) What does that map point to?

Different kinds and levels of worship.

7-) Whose worship is included in this part?

The worship of all groups of creatures.

8-) If something is called an index, what does that help us understand about the prayers?

They gather many things together in a short way.

2sinif short-words-p37-ninth-word-third-point-the-comprehensiveness-of-prayer - Set 2 - CEVAPLAR

1-) In this passage, what is man compared with?

A little model of the larger world.

2-) In this passage, what is Surah al-Fatihah compared with?

A small shining example of the Qur'an.

3-) What are the prescribed prayers compared with?

A bright summary and a holy map.

4-) What does the comparison with Surah al-Fatihah help us understand about the prayers?

That a smaller thing can show the meaning of a greater whole.

5-) Are the prayers presented as narrow or wide in meaning?

Wide in meaning.

6-) What do the prayers gather together?

All the different kinds of worship.

7-) What does the word sacred tell us about the map of worship?

It is holy and important.

8-) What can we infer about worship from this passage?

Worship is not just one simple form; it has many forms.

2sinif short-words-p37-ninth-word-third-point-the-comprehensiveness-of-prayer - Set 3 - CEVAPLAR

1-) What two small examples are named before the prayers are described?

A person and Surah al-Fatihah.

2-) What big things do those two small examples connect to?

The world and the whole Qur'an.

3-) Following those examples, what are the prescribed prayers said to be?

A full and shining guide to worship.

4-) What do the prayers point toward besides human worship?

The worship of all creatures.

5-) Does the passage say the prayers hide worship or show it?

They show it.

6-) If all classes of creatures are mentioned, what does that tell us about Allah's creation?

Many different creatures serve and worship Him in their own ways.

7-) What is one central message of this short passage?

The prescribed prayers help us understand many kinds of worship in all creation.

8-) What big idea about worship is taught in this passage?

The prescribed prayers gather, show, and point to the worship spread throughout all creation.

2sinif short-words-p37-ninth-word-third-point-the-comprehensiveness-of-prayer - Set 4 - CEVAPLAR

1-) What is called a miniature example of the greater world?
Man.

2-) What is called a shining sample of the Qur'an?
Surah al-Fatihah.

3-) What are the prayers called in a similar way?
A complete and bright index of worship.

4-) What other image is used for the prayers besides an index?
A sacred map.

5-) What does this map show?
The different forms of worship of all creature groups.

6-) Are only people included in this worship picture?
No, all kinds of creatures are included.

7-) What is the best short summary of the whole passage?
The daily prayers are a holy guide that bring together the worship found across creation.

8-) What is the main idea of this part?
The prescribed prayers bring together and point to all kinds of worship in creation.

2sinif short-words-p37-ninth-word-third-point-the-comprehensiveness-of-prayer - Set 5 - CEVAPLAR

1-) What small thing stands for the big world in this part?

A human being.

2-) What small part stands for the whole Qur'an in this part?

Surah al-Fatihah.

3-) What does the passage say stands for all the many kinds of worship?

The prescribed prayers.

4-) What does the passage say about the kinds of worship in the prayers?

They include all kinds.

5-) What does the word varieties help us understand?

That worship has different forms.

6-) What do the prayers point to like a map?

The many ways creatures worship Allah.

7-) How are the prayers and Surah al-Fatihah alike in this passage?

Both are smaller things that show the meaning of something much greater.

8-) Why are the prayers called comprehensive in this part?

Because they include many forms of worship together.

2sinif short-words-p37-ninth-word-third-point-the-comprehensiveness-of-prayer - Set 6 - CEVAPLAR

1-) In the passage, what is used as an example of something small that reflects something big?

A person reflects the larger world.

2-) What is another example of a smaller thing reflecting a greater whole?

Surah al-Fatihah reflects the Qur'an.

3-) Using those examples, how are the prescribed prayers described?

As a complete and radiant summary of worship.

4-) What does radiant or luminous suggest about the prayers?

They make the meaning clear and bright.

5-) What do the prayers collect together?

Every type of worship.

6-) What second description shows that the prayers guide us?

They are called a sacred map.

7-) According to this passage, what do the prayers help us see and connect?

The many kinds of worship among all creatures.