

8sinif short-words-p06-second-word-interpretation-of-the-comparison-unbelief-and-belief-view-the-world - Set 1

1-) In this passage, what does the first man stand for? (19 kelime)

He stands for a

2-) What does “house of mourning” tell us about his view of the world? (13 kelime)

It shows that

3-) What happens to his view of mountains and oceans? (13 kelime)

He sees them

4-) What is the root cause of those delusions? (5 kelime)

Disbelief

5-) How is death redefined for believers? (14 kelime)

It is presented

6-) In a believer’s view, what do the voices of creatures point to? (13 kelime)

They point to

7-) Why do those who finish their life duties leave this world? (17 kelime)

They move on to

8-) What does the passage say every living thing is like? (9 kelime)

It is

9-) How does belief change a Muslim's relationship with the rest of creation? (11 kelime)

It makes

10-) What should a Muslim do after understanding this message? (8 kelime)

Keep thanking

8sinif short-words-p06-second-word-interpretation-of-the-comparison-unbelief-and-belief-view-the-world - Set 2

1-) Which two kinds of people are being compared in this passage? (10 kelime)

A disbeliever

2-) How are living things seen in the first man's outlook? (12 kelime)

He sees them

3-) Are his thoughts healthy insights or harmful illusions? (4 kelime)

They

4-) What is different about the second man at the very start? (9 kelime)

He is

5-) In his understanding, what is the world constantly doing? (13 kelime)

It is constantly

6-) What does enlistment stand for in the passage? (10 kelime)

It stands

7-) What does the believer understand about Allah through the world? (11 kelime)

He understands

8-) How is each living being described in this view? (14 kelime)

Each one is

9-) How does a believer see created things around him? (12 kelime)
He sees them

10-) What final statement sums up the passage's message? (16 kelime)
True safety and rescue

8sinif short-words-p06-second-word-interpretation-of-the-comparison-unbelief-and-belief-view-the-world - Set 3

1-) What does the passage say happens in the mind of a person without belief? (10 kelime)

False and

2-) In the first outlook, what are living creatures like? (10 kelime)

They seem

3-) What produces these painful ideas in him? (10 kelime)

His disbelief

4-) Who does the second man symbolize? (4 kelime)

He

5-) How is the world described for creatures in general? (11 kelime)

It is

6-) What purpose does it serve for humans and jinn in another sense? (7 kelime)

It

7-) How does the believer interpret the sounds made in the world? (14 kelime)

He sees them

8-) What is the lesson of comparing faith to a tree of Paradise? (7 kelime)

Faith

9-) What does the image of the Paradise tree growing from belief mean? (10 kelime)

It means

10-) What should believers keep saying in response to this truth? (11 kelime)

They should

8sinif short-words-p06-second-word-interpretation-of-the-comparison-unbelief-and-belief-view-the-world - Set 4

1-) What kind of person is described by the first man? (11 kelime)

A person

2-) Give one example of how he misunderstands nature. (17 kelime)

He sees great parts

3-) What is the unbeliever missing that causes his painful view? (7 kelime)

He

4-) What does the second man represent? (4 kelime)

He

5-) What makes the world beautiful in the believer's sight? (13 kelime)

The world shows

6-) In the believer's view, why is death not simply a disaster? (13 kelime)

Because it means

7-) What does the believer understand about new births? (9 kelime)

They are

8-) Which worldview gives a sweeter and more peaceful life according to the passage? (5 kelime)

The

9-) What final conclusion is stated about salvation and safety? (8

kelime)

They are

10-) According to the ending of the passage, where are rescue and safety found? (9 kelime)

They are

8sinif short-words-p06-second-word-interpretation-of-the-comparison-unbelief-and-belief-view-the-world - Set 5

1-) What inner problem causes the first man to see the world in such a dark way? (11 kelime)

He has

2-) Why do living creatures seem especially tragic in his eyes? (12 kelime)

Because he thinks

3-) What is the foundation of the believer's worldview in this passage? (9 kelime)

It is

4-) Why is the believer's understanding of death comforting? (17 kelime)

Because he sees it

5-) How does the believer view the world? (14 kelime)

He sees it

6-) What role does it play for humans and jinn? (5 kelime)

It

7-) What image is used for the beginning of life? (7 kelime)

It

8-) How does the believer understand the sounds of the world at the beginning and end of duties? (15 kelime)

At the beginning

9-) What hope is given through the image of the tree of Paradise? (12 kelime)

Even faith that

10-) What response should this truth bring from a Muslim? (12 kelime)

A Muslim should

8sinif short-words-p06-second-word-interpretation-of-the-comparison-unbelief-and-belief-view-the-world - Set 6

1-) Who does the first man symbolize in this passage? (11 kelime)

He symbolizes

2-) According to this view, what are humans and animals like? (10 kelime)

They seem

3-) Are these ideas presented as truth or as delusions? (5 kelime)

They

4-) What does the passage teach about the purpose of life? (7 kelime)

Life

5-) What comparison is used for the lives of creatures after they are born? (12 kelime)

Their lives are

6-) How does the believer understand death for humans and animals? (12 kelime)

He sees it

7-) How is birth explained in a meaningful way? (11 kelime)

It is

8-) What can the sounds of creatures mean to a believer? (11 kelime)

They can

9-) What does the comparison with Paradise and Hell teach about belief and unbelief? (11 kelime)
Belief leads

CEVAP ANAHTARI

8sinif short-words-p06-second-word-interpretation-of-the-comparison-unbelief-and-belief-view-the-world - Set 1 - CEVAPLAR

1-) In this passage, what does the first man stand for?

He stands for a person without faith, or someone who has gone morally wrong and become careless about Allah.

2-) What does “house of mourning” tell us about his view of the world?

It shows that he sees the world as filled with sadness and loss.

3-) What happens to his view of mountains and oceans?

He sees them as frightening dead objects instead of signs of Allah’s power.

4-) What is the root cause of those delusions?

Disbelief and straying from guidance.

5-) How is death redefined for believers?

It is presented as release after service and a move to a better world.

6-) In a believer’s view, what do the voices of creatures point to?

They point to praise, gratitude, and joy connected to obedience to Allah’s command.

7-) Why do those who finish their life duties leave this world?

They move on to another peaceful and happy world, and room is made for others to come.

8-) What does the passage say every living thing is like?

It is like a happy soldier or trustworthy worker.

9-) How does belief change a Muslim’s relationship with the rest of creation?

It makes creation feel close, meaningful, and connected to his Lord.

10-) What should a Muslim do after understanding this message?

Keep thanking Allah for Islam and complete faith.

8sinif short-words-p06-second-word-interpretation-of-the-comparison-unbelief-and-belief-view-the-world - Set 2 - CEVAPLAR

1-) Which two kinds of people are being compared in this passage?

A disbeliever or heedless sinner is compared with a believer.

2-) How are living things seen in the first man's outlook?

He sees them as lonely, helpless, and struck by death and separation.

3-) Are his thoughts healthy insights or harmful illusions?

They are harmful illusions.

4-) What is different about the second man at the very start?

He is a believer who knows and confirms Allah.

5-) In his understanding, what is the world constantly doing?

It is constantly showing and declaring the beautiful names of the Most Merciful.

6-) What does enlistment stand for in the passage?

It stands for coming into life and beginning one's role.

7-) What does the believer understand about Allah through the world?

He understands that the world reflects Allah's mercy, generosity, and care.

8-) How is each living being described in this view?

Each one is like a cheerful soldier or a trustworthy worker doing its duty.

9-) How does a believer see created things around him?

He sees them as friendly servants and meaningful signs from his Lord.

10-) What final statement sums up the passage's message?

True safety and rescue are in Islam and belief, so we should praise Allah for them.

8sinif short-words-p06-second-word-interpretation-of-the-comparison-unbelief-and-belief-view-the-world - Set 3 - CEVAPLAR

1-) What does the passage say happens in the mind of a person without belief?

False and painful ideas rise up and cause inner suffering.

2-) In the first outlook, what are living creatures like?

They seem like abandoned beings crying under loss and death.

3-) What produces these painful ideas in him?

His disbelief and misguidance cause these false and crushing thoughts.

4-) Who does the second man symbolize?

He symbolizes a believer.

5-) How is the world described for creatures in general?

It is described as a place of education and meaningful activity.

6-) What purpose does it serve for humans and jinn in another sense?

It serves as a place of testing.

7-) How does the believer interpret the sounds made in the world?

He sees them as forms of praise, thanks, or happiness in carrying out duty.

8-) What is the lesson of comparing faith to a tree of Paradise?

Faith grows into blessings and everlasting good.

9-) What does the image of the Paradise tree growing from belief mean?

It means faith leads to beautiful, blessed, and happy results.

10-) What should believers keep saying in response to this truth?

They should keep praising Allah for Islam and for complete faith.

8sinif short-words-p06-second-word-interpretation-of-the-comparison-unbelief-and-belief-view-the-world - Set 4 - CEVAPLAR

1-) What kind of person is described by the first man?

A person who lacks faith or lives in corruption and heedlessness.

2-) Give one example of how he misunderstands nature.

He sees great parts of nature as dead and frightening rather than meaningful and under Allah's command.

3-) What is the unbeliever missing that causes his painful view?

He is missing faith and right guidance.

4-) What does the second man represent?

He represents a believer.

5-) What makes the world beautiful in the believer's sight?

The world shows Allah's names and has purpose, order, and mercy in it.

6-) In the believer's view, why is death not simply a disaster?

Because it means a person's worldly mission is complete and another stage begins.

7-) What does the believer understand about new births?

They are the start of life's assignment and responsibility.

8-) Which worldview gives a sweeter and more peaceful life according to the passage?

The worldview of belief does.

9-) What final conclusion is stated about salvation and safety?

They are found only through Islam and belief.

10-) According to the ending of the passage, where are rescue and safety found?

They are found only in Islam and true belief.

8sinif short-words-p06-second-word-interpretation-of-the-comparison-unbelief-and-belief-view-the-world - Set 5 - CEVAPLAR

1-) What inner problem causes the first man to see the world in such a dark way?

He has unbelief and heedlessness, which distort how he understands everything.

2-) Why do living creatures seem especially tragic in his eyes?

Because he thinks they are left alone to face death and separation.

3-) What is the foundation of the believer's worldview in this passage?

It is built on knowing and affirming Almighty Allah.

4-) Why is the believer's understanding of death comforting?

Because he sees it as a transfer after finishing one's task, not the end of all meaning.

5-) How does the believer view the world?

He sees it as a place where Allah's beautiful names are shown and remembered.

6-) What role does it play for humans and jinn?

It is a testing place.

7-) What image is used for the beginning of life?

It is pictured as joining for service.

8-) How does the believer understand the sounds of the world at the beginning and end of duties?

At the beginning they express praise, and at the end they express thanks and joy.

9-) What hope is given through the image of the tree of Paradise?

Even faith that starts as a seed can grow into great happiness.

10-) What response should this truth bring from a Muslim?

A Muslim should keep praising Allah for Islam and for complete faith.

8sinif short-words-p06-second-word-interpretation-of-the-comparison-unbelief-and-belief-view-the-world - Set 6 - CEVAPLAR

1-) Who does the first man symbolize in this passage?

He symbolizes a disbeliever or a morally ruined and careless person.

2-) According to this view, what are humans and animals like?

They seem cut off, unprotected, and torn away by death.

3-) Are these ideas presented as truth or as delusions?

They are presented as delusions.

4-) What does the passage teach about the purpose of life?

Life includes duties, learning, and being tested.

5-) What comparison is used for the lives of creatures after they are born?

Their lives are compared to soldiers or workers carrying out assigned duties.

6-) How does the believer understand death for humans and animals?

He sees it as being released from duty, not as pointless destruction.

7-) How is birth explained in a meaningful way?

It is like being called into service and starting one's task.

8-) What can the sounds of creatures mean to a believer?

They can mean praise, remembrance, gratitude, and happiness in serving Allah.

9-) What does the comparison with Paradise and Hell teach about belief and unbelief?

Belief leads upward to goodness, while unbelief leads downward to misery.