

lisans short-words-p23-seventh-word-interpreting-the-comparison-death-belief-patience-and-reliance - Set 1

1-) In the explanation of the comparison, who does the soldier stand for? (11 kelime)

He stands

2-) How does the passage define one of the two wounds as more than a physical injury? (13 kelime)

It explains the

3-) In what way is the gallows broader than a single moment of dying? (13 kelime)

It includes ongoing

4-) What human realities are represented by the two wounds? (7 kelime)

They

5-) How far does the described journey extend? (20 kelime)

It extends from the earliest

6-) What is significant about the many stages listed in the journey? (14 kelime)

They show that

7-) Why does the passage say some wise people came to welcome death? (22 kelime)

Because they understood that for

8-) What idea about creation is implied by the description of ever-renewed patterns in the world? (13 kelime)

Creation is presented

9-) How does faith in Allah reshape the meaning of separation and change? (15 kelime)

It makes them

10-) What does the comparison with visual displays teach about renewal? (10 kelime)

Renewal can

lisans short-words-p23-seventh-word-interpreting-the-comparison-death-belief-patience-and-reliance - Set 2

1-) In this passage, what truth about human beings is taught through the soldier image? (12 kelime)

Human beings live

2-) How is the “appointed hour” presented in relation to the lion? (12 kelime)

It is presented

3-) How does the passage connect the gallows to the daily movement of time? (14 kelime)

It says the

4-) What is meant by calling impotence and poverty two wounds? (15 kelime)

It means human

5-) What do the two wounds reveal about the human condition? (18 kelime)

They reveal that people

6-) How does belief in the hereafter change the meaning of death for a believer? (17 kelime)

It changes death from

7-) How does the passage connect faith with the ability to enjoy what would otherwise cause grief? (21 kelime)

Faith gives a larger meaning

8-) What does the passage imply about people who truly understand death? (20 kelime)

It implies they no longer

9-) What do the changing visual examples near the end suggest about the world? (16 kelime)

They suggest that the

10-) What does the ending statement about returning to Allah add to the passage? (21 kelime)

It sums up the believer's

lisans short-words-p23-seventh-word-interpreting-the-comparison-death-belief-patience-and-reliance - Set 3

1-) What does the passage teach about the self through the phrase that identifies the soldier with the reader? (16 kelime)

It teaches that the

2-) What is the relationship between the lion and human destiny in the passage? (12 kelime)

The lion stands

3-) Besides physical death, what else is included in the meaning of the gallows? (13 kelime)

It also includes

4-) What broader life experience is included in the symbol of the gallows? (16 kelime)

It includes loss, fading,

5-) What are the two talismans in the interpretation? (10 kelime)

They are

6-) What is the main effect of faith in Allah on the believer's experience of time? (17 kelime)

It lets the believer

7-) Why does the passage call this world a prison in comparison with what comes next? (15 kelime)

Because worldly life

8-) How does belief in Allah change the meaning of decline and transience? (12 kelime)
It turns them

9-) What can believers observe in the world when they view it through this faith? (11 kelime)
They can

10-) What is the overall effect of the two talismans on the fears named in the passage? (20 kelime)
They do not deny those

lisans short-words-p23-seventh-word-interpreting-the-comparison-death-belief-patience-and-reliance - Set 4

1-) What is the first symbolic meaning assigned to the soldier? (8 kelime)

He symbolizes

2-) What does the lion teach about the nature of human life? (12 kelime)

It teaches that

3-) How should the lion be understood in this interpretation? (12 kelime)

It should be

4-) How is the long exile and journey explained? (31 kelime)

It is the long test of life

5-) What destination is described for the believing person after this transformed death? (14 kelime)

The destination is

6-) How does the second talisman affect the image of death? (16 kelime)

It changes death from

7-) What reason is given for the positive view of death held by wise believers? (14 kelime)

They recognize it

8-) Which talisman changes the meaning of time and worldly change?
(13 kelime)
Faith in Allah

9-) How does belief in Allah change one's reading of history, time, and daily change? (16 kelime)
It allows one to

lisans short-words-p23-seventh-word-interpreting-the-comparison-death-belief-patience-and-reliance - Set 5

1-) Who is being taught when the speaker says the soldier is “you, and man”? (16 kelime)

The lesson is directed

2-) What does the passage identify as the real-life meaning of the soldier in the story? (9 kelime)

The soldier

3-) What do the two wounds stand for in human life? (8 kelime)

They stand

4-) What is the first main effect of faith in the hereafter in the passage? (14 kelime)

It makes death

5-) Which two beliefs are presented as the keys to understanding and surviving this human condition? (8 kelime)

Faith in

6-) How does belief in the life to come affect a believer’s emotional response to death? (9 kelime)

It can

7-) What does the passage suggest about the outlook of truly wise people toward death? (19 kelime)

It suggests that they

8-) What spiritual insight makes some wise people desire death before it arrives? (16 kelime)

They see its true

9-) What lesson is carried by the image of renewed mirrors and improved scenes? (15 kelime)

The lesson is

lisans short-words-p23-seventh-word-interpreting-the-comparison-death-belief-patience-and-reliance - Set 6

1-) What personal confession appears at the opening of the passage, and what does it reveal? (17 kelime)

The speaker admits that

2-) What does the gallows symbolize? (18 kelime)

It points to death,

3-) What does the long journey include, according to the passage? (20 kelime)

It includes the stages from

4-) What does the detailed list of life stages contribute to the meaning of the journey? (15 kelime)

It shows that

5-) What are the two spiritual means that answer these dangers? (12 kelime)

They are belief

6-) Which talisman especially changes the meaning of death, and how? (16 kelime)

Faith in the hereafter

7-) How does the passage reinterpret death for believers through faith in the hereafter? (13 kelime)

It becomes a

8-) What is the point of the example about changing reflections and changing scenes? (18 kelime)
It shows that change

9-) What central message ties the whole passage together? (16 kelime)
Faith gives a true

CEVAP ANAHTARI

lisans short-words-p23-seventh-word-interpreting-the-comparison-death-belief-patience-and-reliance - Set 1 - CEVAPLAR

1-) In the explanation of the comparison, who does the soldier stand for?

He stands for each human being, including the speaker's own self.

2-) How does the passage define one of the two wounds as more than a physical injury?

It explains the wound as the human condition of not having enough power.

3-) In what way is the gallows broader than a single moment of dying? It includes ongoing decline, fading, and repeated partings in life as time passes.

4-) What human realities are represented by the two wounds?

They represent human inability and human need.

5-) How far does the described journey extend?

It extends from the earliest beginning of human existence through this life and beyond the grave to the final rising.

6-) What is significant about the many stages listed in the journey?

They show that human existence is a long continuation through multiple worlds and conditions.

7-) Why does the passage say some wise people came to welcome death?

Because they understood that for believers it is not mere destruction but a passage to a better meeting and a better home.

8-) What idea about creation is implied by the description of ever-renewed patterns in the world?

Creation is presented as a constantly refreshed display of Allah's acts and attributes.

9-) How does faith in Allah reshape the meaning of separation and change?

It makes them signs through which one can notice Allah's ongoing acts in the world.

10-) What does the comparison with visual displays teach about renewal?

Renewal can uncover richer and more pleasing forms of beauty.

lisans short-words-p23-seventh-word-interpreting-the-comparison-death-belief-patience-and-reliance - Set 2 - CEVAPLAR

1-) In this passage, what truth about human beings is taught through the soldier image?

Human beings live under the pressure of death, loss, weakness, and need.

2-) How is the “appointed hour” presented in relation to the lion?

It is presented as something unavoidable that stands ready over every person.

3-) How does the passage connect the gallows to the daily movement of time?

It says the cycle of day and night keeps bringing loss, aging, and separation.

4-) What is meant by calling impotence and poverty two wounds?

It means human beings are deeply hurt by their lack of power and endless needs.

5-) What do the two wounds reveal about the human condition?

They reveal that people are both powerless and full of needs they cannot fully meet on their own.

6-) How does belief in the hereafter change the meaning of death for a believer?

It changes death from something terrifying into a means of reaching mercy, Paradise, and nearness to Allah.

7-) How does the passage connect faith with the ability to enjoy what would otherwise cause grief?

Faith gives a larger meaning to painful realities, so the believer can see mercy and purpose where others only see loss.

8-) What does the passage imply about people who truly understand death?

It implies they no longer see it only as a terror and may even long for what lies beyond it.

9-) What do the changing visual examples near the end suggest about the world?

They suggest that the world’s changes are part of an ongoing and

meaningful display of beauty.

10-) What does the ending statement about returning to Allah add to the passage?

It sums up the believer's identity and destination by reminding us that we belong to Allah and go back to Him.

lisans short-words-p23-seventh-word-interpreting-the-comparison-death-belief-patience-and-reliance - Set 3 - CEVAPLAR

1-) What does the passage teach about the self through the phrase that identifies the soldier with the reader?

It teaches that the struggle described is not distant or imaginary; it belongs to every person.

2-) What is the relationship between the lion and human destiny in the passage?

The lion stands for the unavoidable moment when a person's lifespan ends.

3-) Besides physical death, what else is included in the meaning of the gallows?

It also includes aging, decline, and the repeated heartbreak of parting from others.

4-) What broader life experience is included in the symbol of the gallows?

It includes loss, fading, and the sorrow caused by time as people and moments pass away.

5-) What are the two talismans in the interpretation?

They are faith in Allah and faith in the hereafter.

6-) What is the main effect of faith in Allah on the believer's experience of time?

It lets the believer see change and passing time as a display of divine beauty and wisdom.

7-) Why does the passage call this world a prison in comparison with what comes next?

Because worldly life is limited and confining compared with the freedom and joy awaiting believers.

8-) How does belief in Allah change the meaning of decline and transience?

It turns them into opportunities to witness Allah's renewing acts in creation.

9-) What can believers observe in the world when they view it through this faith?

They can observe renewed signs of Allah's artistry, power, and mercy.

10-) What is the overall effect of the two talismans on the fears named in the passage?

They do not deny those fears exist, but they transform their meaning through faith and make them bearable and hopeful.

lisans short-words-p23-seventh-word-interpreting-the-comparison-death-belief-patience-and-reliance - Set 4 - CEVAPLAR

1-) What is the first symbolic meaning assigned to the soldier?

He symbolizes the human being facing life's test.

2-) What does the lion teach about the nature of human life?

It teaches that every life is lived under the certainty of death.

3-) How should the lion be understood in this interpretation?

It should be understood as the set end of one's earthly life.

4-) How is the long exile and journey explained?

It is the long test of life that stretches from the earliest stage of existence through worldly life, the grave, later stages after death, and finally resurrection and the crossing ahead.

5-) What destination is described for the believing person after this transformed death?

The destination is the gardens of Paradise and the presence of the Most Merciful.

6-) How does the second talisman affect the image of death?

It changes death from a destroyer into a ride carrying the believer to a better place.

7-) What reason is given for the positive view of death held by wise believers?

They recognize it as a passage to mercy and eternal happiness, not simple annihilation.

8-) Which talisman changes the meaning of time and worldly change?

Faith in Allah does that by revealing divine wisdom and beauty in change.

9-) How does belief in Allah change one's reading of history, time, and daily change?

It allows one to see these changes as unfolding signs of Allah's creative action and compassion.

lisans short-words-p23-seventh-word-interpreting-the-comparison-death-belief-patience-and-reliance - Set 5 - CEVAPLAR

1-) Who is being taught when the speaker says the soldier is “you, and man”?

The lesson is directed both to the speaker’s own lower self and to humanity in general.

2-) What does the passage identify as the real-life meaning of the soldier in the story?

The soldier is the human person struggling through existence.

3-) What do the two wounds stand for in human life?

They stand for human weakness and human neediness.

4-) What is the first main effect of faith in the hereafter in the passage?

It makes death a vehicle of deliverance and arrival rather than a final ruin.

5-) Which two beliefs are presented as the keys to understanding and surviving this human condition?

Faith in Allah and faith in the hereafter.

6-) How does belief in the life to come affect a believer’s emotional response to death?

It can replace dread with acceptance and even longing.

7-) What does the passage suggest about the outlook of truly wise people toward death?

It suggests that they can face it calmly and even desire it because they know what it leads to.

8-) What spiritual insight makes some wise people desire death before it arrives?

They see its true nature as a transition to a better meeting, not as meaningless destruction.

9-) What lesson is carried by the image of renewed mirrors and improved scenes?

The lesson is that replacement and renewal can reveal greater beauty instead of mere disappearance.

lisans short-words-p23-seventh-word-interpreting-the-comparison-death-belief-patience-and-reliance - Set 6 - CEVAPLAR

1-) What personal confession appears at the opening of the passage, and what does it reveal?

The speaker admits that the self once mocked but now regrets that attitude, revealing repentance and maturity.

2-) What does the gallows symbolize?

It points to death, passing away, and the painful loss of loved ones through the passing of time.

3-) What does the long journey include, according to the passage?

It includes the stages from pre-worldly existence through human development, earthly life, death, the grave, later unseen stages, and resurrection.

4-) What does the detailed list of life stages contribute to the meaning of the journey?

It shows that human existence is one continuous passage, not just a short worldly episode.

5-) What are the two spiritual means that answer these dangers?

They are belief in Allah and belief in the life to come.

6-) Which talisman especially changes the meaning of death, and how?

Faith in the hereafter changes it into a means of transport toward divine mercy and Paradise.

7-) How does the passage reinterpret death for believers through faith in the hereafter?

It becomes a controlled mount carrying them from worldly confinement to eternal mercy.

8-) What is the point of the example about changing reflections and changing scenes?

It shows that change is not only loss; it can also bring forward newer and more beautiful displays.

9-) What central message ties the whole passage together?

Faith gives a true reading of human weakness, mortality, and change, and turns despair into hope.