

## **lisans supreme-sign-p50-the-messengership-of-prophet-muhammad-16th-degree-summary-judgment-and-the-text-there-is-no-god-but-allah - Set 1**

1-) What central belief is declared at the beginning of the passage? (19 kelime)

That only Allah is

2-) How is the Prophet Muhammad described in relation to humanity? (17 kelime)

He is presented as

3-) What four features of the Prophet are given as signs supporting his testimony? (21 kelime)

The greatness of the Qur'an

4-) How does the passage show that even opponents support his truthfulness? (12 kelime)

It says that

5-) What kind of evidence from the Prophet himself is mentioned? (4 kelime)

His

6-) Besides miracles, what else from his message is used as proof? (10 kelime)

The many

7-) Which three groups are said to agree in confirming this testimony? (13 kelime)

His family or

8-) What quality is emphasized about the scholars of the community?  
(10 kelime)

They are

9-) How does the passage connect Allah's oneness with the Prophet's witness? (14 kelime)

It presents the

10-) What is the overall purpose of the long statement in the passage?  
(23 kelime)

To summarize a strong testimony

## **lisans supreme-sign-p50-the-messengership-of-prophet-muhammad-16th-degree-summary-judgment-and-the-text-there-is-no-god-but-allah - Set 2**

1-) In this passage, what does “Necessary Existent” mean about Allah?  
(14 kelime)

It means Allah’s

2-) What does the passage teach about Allah’s uniqueness? (9 kelime)  
That He

3-) Why is the Prophet’s Qur’an mentioned as part of the proof? (14 kelime)

Because its greatness

4-) What does the wide spread of the Prophet’s religion suggest in the passage? (9 kelime)

That his

5-) Why are the Prophet’s personal qualities included in the argument?  
(9 kelime)

Because his

6-) What is meant by saying his miracles are both proving and proven?  
(17 kelime)

They serve as evidence

7-) How do the truths of the religion function in this passage? (11 kelime)

They act

8-) What role does consensus play in the passage? (16 kelime)  
It shows that many

9-) What is the main conclusion a reader should draw from the whole passage? (14 kelime)  
That the Prophet's

10-) In one sentence, what is the passage trying to strengthen in the reader? (15 kelime)  
Confidence in tawhid

## **lisans supreme-sign-p50-the-messengership-of-prophet-muhammad-16th-degree-summary-judgment-and-the-text-there-is-no-god-but-allah - Set 3**

1-) What statement of faith stands at the heart of the passage? (9 kelime)

The affirmation

2-) How does the passage present the Prophet's rank without making him divine? (17 kelime)

It gives him the

3-) What does the majesty of the Qur'an contribute to the passage's argument? (15 kelime)

It shows the

4-) How does the passage use the growth of Islam as evidence? (19 kelime)

It treats the broad

5-) What is the difference between miracles and truths of religion in the passage? (20 kelime)

Miracles are extraordinary signs linked

6-) Why is the agreement of different groups important instead of only one group's support? (15 kelime)

Because support from

7-) What can be inferred about the Companions from their inclusion in the consensus? (13 kelime)

They are viewed

8-) What can be inferred about the scholars mentioned at the end? (14 kelime)

They are seen

9-) Does the passage rely only on emotional praise of the Prophet? Explain. (20 kelime)

No. It includes honor and

10-) If a student summarized the passage as “a combined case for Allah’s oneness,” would that fit? Why? (16 kelime)

Yes, because the passage

## **lisans supreme-sign-p50-the-messengership-of-prophet-muhammad-16th-degree-summary-judgment-and-the-text-there-is-no-god-but-allah - Set 4**

1-) What is the main religious claim being affirmed in this passage? (10 kelime)

Allah alone

2-) Through whom is this claim especially indicated in the passage? (4 kelime)

Through

3-) What titles are used to show the Prophet's high standing among people? (17 kelime)

He is described as

4-) Name one outward sign and one inward sign used to support the Prophet's truthfulness. (14 kelime)

An outward sign

5-) Why does the passage mention the testimony of enemies? (16 kelime)

To show that his

6-) How do the "thousands of truths" differ from "hundreds of miracles" in the way they persuade? (16 kelime)

The truths persuade through

7-) What is the effect of listing the family, Companions, and scholars together? (15 kelime)

It presents support

8-) How are the members of the Prophet's community described at the end of the passage? (8 kelime)

As people

9-) What does this passage suggest about the relationship between character and credibility? (11 kelime)

High moral

10-) What overall image of Islamic belief does this passage give? (14 kelime)

A faith grounded

## **lisans supreme-sign-p50-the-messengership-of-prophet-muhammad-16th-degree-summary-judgment-and-the-text-there-is-no-god-but-allah - Set 5**

1-) What truth about Allah is repeated with more than one word in the passage? (5 kelime)

His

2-) Why might the passage use several honors for the Prophet instead of just one? (14 kelime)

To show the

3-) What does the phrase about the sovereignty of the Qur'an point to? (12 kelime)

The powerful authority

4-) What does the expansiveness of the religion show in this argument? (12 kelime)

That the message

5-) How do the Prophet's perfections and character work together as evidence? (12 kelime)

They show both

6-) Why is enemy testimony especially persuasive? (17 kelime)

Because praise from critics

7-) What two broad categories of proof are named after the mention of enemy testimony? (8 kelime)

Miracles and

8-) How does the passage portray the Prophet's community of learning? (12 kelime)  
As a body

9-) What is the significance of agreement among multiple groups rather than isolated individuals? (11 kelime)  
It suggests

10-) What is the best short summary of the whole passage? (23 kelime)  
It is a compact declaration

**lisans supreme-sign-p50-the-messengership-of-prophet-muhammad-16th-degree-summary-judgment-and-the-text-there-is-no-god-but-allah - Set 6**

1-) What is the first thing the passage asks the reader to affirm about Allah? (7 kelime)

That

2-) After affirming Allah's existence, what further truth about Him is stressed? (6 kelime)

That

3-) Who is the main human witness named in support of this truth? (3 kelime)

4-) What parts of the Prophet's mission are used as evidence in this passage? (13 kelime)

His Qur'an, his

5-) What surprising source of support for the Prophet is mentioned? (5 kelime)

The

6-) How does the passage combine personal evidence and communal evidence? (19 kelime)

It mentions the Prophet's

7-) What communal groups are named as confirming the message? (17 kelime)

The luminous ones among

8-) What does the description of these groups suggest about the kind of confirmation they provide? (12 kelime)

That their confirmation

9-) Is the passage presenting a weak personal opinion or a strong shared testimony? Explain. (17 kelime)

It presents a strong

## CEVAP ANAHTARI

## **lisans supreme-sign-p50-the-messengership-of-prophet-muhammad-16th-degree-summary-judgment-and-the-text-there-is-no-god-but-allah - Set 1 - CEVAPLAR**

1-) What central belief is declared at the beginning of the passage?  
That only Allah is truly worthy of worship, and that He necessarily exists as the One and only God.

2-) How is the Prophet Muhammad described in relation to humanity?  
He is presented as the most honored human being and a source of dignity for all people.

3-) What four features of the Prophet are given as signs supporting his testimony?

The greatness of the Qur'an given to him, the wide reach of his religion, his many excellences, and his lofty character.

4-) How does the passage show that even opponents support his truthfulness?

It says that even his enemies ended up confirming his outstanding qualities.

5-) What kind of evidence from the Prophet himself is mentioned?  
His many clear miracles.

6-) Besides miracles, what else from his message is used as proof?  
The many bright and decisive truths found in his religion.

7-) Which three groups are said to agree in confirming this testimony?  
His family or spiritual heirs, his Companions, and the scholars of his community.

8-) What quality is emphasized about the scholars of the community?  
They are described as people of proof and enlightened understanding.

9-) How does the passage connect Allah's oneness with the Prophet's witness?

It presents the Prophet's life, message, and evidences as pointing to Allah's unique unity.

10-) What is the overall purpose of the long statement in the passage?  
To summarize a strong testimony that Allah exists, is one, and is affirmed through the Prophet's mission and the agreement of the believers.

## **lisans supreme-sign-p50-the-messengership-of-prophet-muhammad-16th-degree-summary-judgment-and-the-text-there-is-no-god-but-allah - Set 2 - CEVAPLAR**

1-) In this passage, what does “Necessary Existent” mean about Allah? It means Allah’s existence is not dependent on anything else and cannot be absent.

2-) What does the passage teach about Allah’s uniqueness?

That He is single and without partner or equal.

3-) Why is the Prophet’s Qur’an mentioned as part of the proof?

Because its greatness and authority support the truth of the one who brought it.

4-) What does the wide spread of the Prophet’s religion suggest in the passage?

That his message has powerful truth and lasting influence.

5-) Why are the Prophet’s personal qualities included in the argument?

Because his moral excellence strengthens trust in his witness.

6-) What is meant by saying his miracles are both proving and proven?

They serve as evidence for his truth, and they are themselves accepted as real by trustworthy testimony.

7-) How do the truths of the religion function in this passage?

They act as strong intellectual and spiritual evidence supporting the message.

8-) What role does consensus play in the passage?

It shows that many reliable groups agree on the same truth, which makes the testimony stronger.

9-) What is the main conclusion a reader should draw from the whole passage?

That the Prophet’s message gives a powerful, multi-layered proof of Allah’s existence and oneness.

10-) In one sentence, what is the passage trying to strengthen in the reader?

Confidence in tawhid through the Prophet’s witness and the confirming testimony of the Muslim community.

## **lisans supreme-sign-p50-the-messengership-of-prophet-muhammad-16th-degree-summary-judgment-and-the-text-there-is-no-god-but-allah - Set 3 - CEVAPLAR**

1-) What statement of faith stands at the heart of the passage?

The affirmation that there is no deity but Allah.

2-) How does the passage present the Prophet's rank without making him divine?

It gives him the highest human honor while keeping him in the role of witness and servant.

3-) What does the majesty of the Qur'an contribute to the passage's argument?

It shows the greatness of the revelation connected to the Prophet and supports his reliability.

4-) How does the passage use the growth of Islam as evidence?

It treats the broad reach of the religion as a sign of the strength and truth of the message.

5-) What is the difference between miracles and truths of religion in the passage?

Miracles are extraordinary signs linked to the Prophet, while the truths of religion are enduring teachings that also confirm him.

6-) Why is the agreement of different groups important instead of only one group's support?

Because support from several kinds of people makes the case broader and harder to dismiss.

7-) What can be inferred about the Companions from their inclusion in the consensus?

They are viewed as reliable witnesses who understood and affirmed the Prophet's truth.

8-) What can be inferred about the scholars mentioned at the end?

They are seen as thoughtful investigators whose insight gives intellectual weight to the testimony.

9-) Does the passage rely only on emotional praise of the Prophet? Explain.

No. It includes honor and praise, but it also builds an argument through miracles, teachings, and agreement among reliable groups.

10-) If a student summarized the passage as “a combined case for Allah’s oneness,” would that fit? Why?

Yes, because the passage gathers several kinds of proof into one unified testimony for Allah’s unity.

## **lisans supreme-sign-p50-the-messengership-of-prophet-muhammad-16th-degree-summary-judgment-and-the-text-there-is-no-god-but-allah - Set 4 - CEVAPLAR**

1-) What is the main religious claim being affirmed in this passage?

Allah alone exists necessarily and is the only true God.

2-) Through whom is this claim especially indicated in the passage?

Through the Prophet Muhammad.

3-) What titles are used to show the Prophet's high standing among people?

He is described as the pride of the world and the honor of the children of Adam.

4-) Name one outward sign and one inward sign used to support the Prophet's truthfulness.

An outward sign is his miracles, and an inward sign is his noble character.

5-) Why does the passage mention the testimony of enemies?

To show that his excellence was so clear that even opponents could not fully deny it.

6-) How do the "thousands of truths" differ from "hundreds of miracles" in the way they persuade?

The truths persuade through the content of the religion, while the miracles persuade through extraordinary signs.

7-) What is the effect of listing the family, Companions, and scholars together?

It presents support across generations and types of people, giving the testimony depth and breadth.

8-) How are the members of the Prophet's community described at the end of the passage?

As people who possess evidence and enlightened insight.

9-) What does this passage suggest about the relationship between character and credibility?

High moral character strengthens the trustworthiness of a person's religious witness.

10-) What overall image of Islamic belief does this passage give?

A faith grounded in revelation, character, signs, and the united

confirmation of trustworthy believers.

## **lisans supreme-sign-p50-the-messengership-of-prophet-muhammad-16th-degree-summary-judgment-and-the-text-there-is-no-god-but-allah - Set 5 - CEVAPLAR**

1-) What truth about Allah is repeated with more than one word in the passage?

His absolute oneness and uniqueness.

2-) Why might the passage use several honors for the Prophet instead of just one?

To show the fullness of his rank and the many ways he is distinguished.

3-) What does the phrase about the sovereignty of the Qur'an point to? The powerful authority and greatness of the revelation brought by the Prophet.

4-) What does the expansiveness of the religion show in this argument?

That the message is not small or limited, but far-reaching and influential.

5-) How do the Prophet's perfections and character work together as evidence?

They show both excellence in personal qualities and excellence in moral conduct.

6-) Why is enemy testimony especially persuasive?

Because praise from critics carries extra weight since they are less likely to exaggerate in his favor.

7-) What two broad categories of proof are named after the mention of enemy testimony?

Miracles and the truths contained in the religion.

8-) How does the passage portray the Prophet's community of learning?

As a body of people marked by strong reasoning and spiritual clarity.

9-) What is the significance of agreement among multiple groups rather than isolated individuals?

It suggests a shared and well-established recognition of the same reality.

10-) What is the best short summary of the whole passage?

It is a compact declaration that Allah's oneness is proven through the

Prophet's life, message, miracles, and the united witness of the faithful.

## **lisans supreme-sign-p50-the-messengership-of-prophet-muhammad-16th-degree-summary-judgment-and-the-text-there-is-no-god-but-allah - Set 6 - CEVAPLAR**

1-) What is the first thing the passage asks the reader to affirm about Allah?

That there is no god except Him.

2-) After affirming Allah's existence, what further truth about Him is stressed?

That He is one and unique.

3-) Who is the main human witness named in support of this truth?

The Prophet Muhammad.

4-) What parts of the Prophet's mission are used as evidence in this passage?

His Qur'an, his religion, his many virtues, his elevated character, and his miracles.

5-) What surprising source of support for the Prophet is mentioned?

The acknowledgment of his enemies.

6-) How does the passage combine personal evidence and communal evidence?

It mentions the Prophet's own signs and qualities, then adds the agreement of major groups within the Muslim community.

7-) What communal groups are named as confirming the message?

The luminous ones among his family or followers, his Companions, and the verifying scholars of the ummah.

8-) What does the description of these groups suggest about the kind of confirmation they provide?

That their confirmation is informed, sincere, and based on insight and proof.

9-) Is the passage presenting a weak personal opinion or a strong shared testimony? Explain.

It presents a strong shared testimony because it rests on multiple forms of evidence and broad agreement.